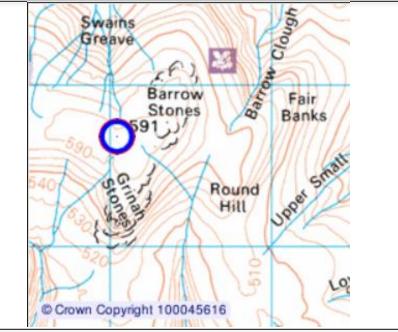


source

The place where a river starts, normally in an upland area. It may be a lake, a marsh, a spring or a glacier.





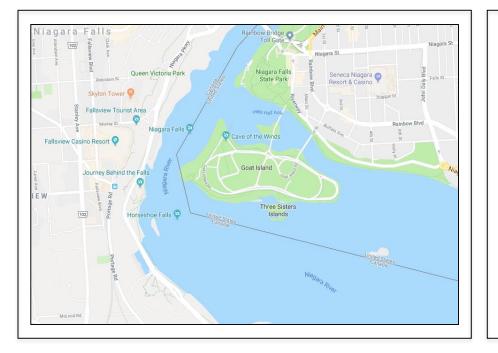


meander

A curve or bend in the course of a stream or river.







waterfall

A cascade of water falling from a height, formed when a river or stream flows over a precipice.





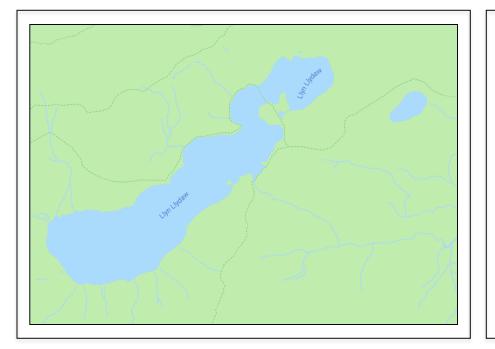


river mouth

The place where a river flows into a lake, reservoir, sea or ocean.







lake

A large body of water surrounded by land.





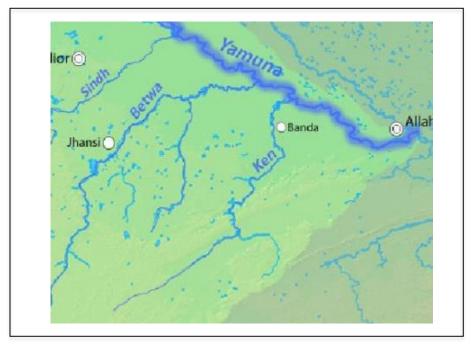


river channel

The area a river flows in with banks at the sides.







tributary

A smaller river or stream that joins the main river







confluence

The meeting point of two or more rivers or streams. The smaller river or stream is called a **tributary**.







reservoir

An enlarged natural or manmade lake, normally created using a dam, used to store water.



