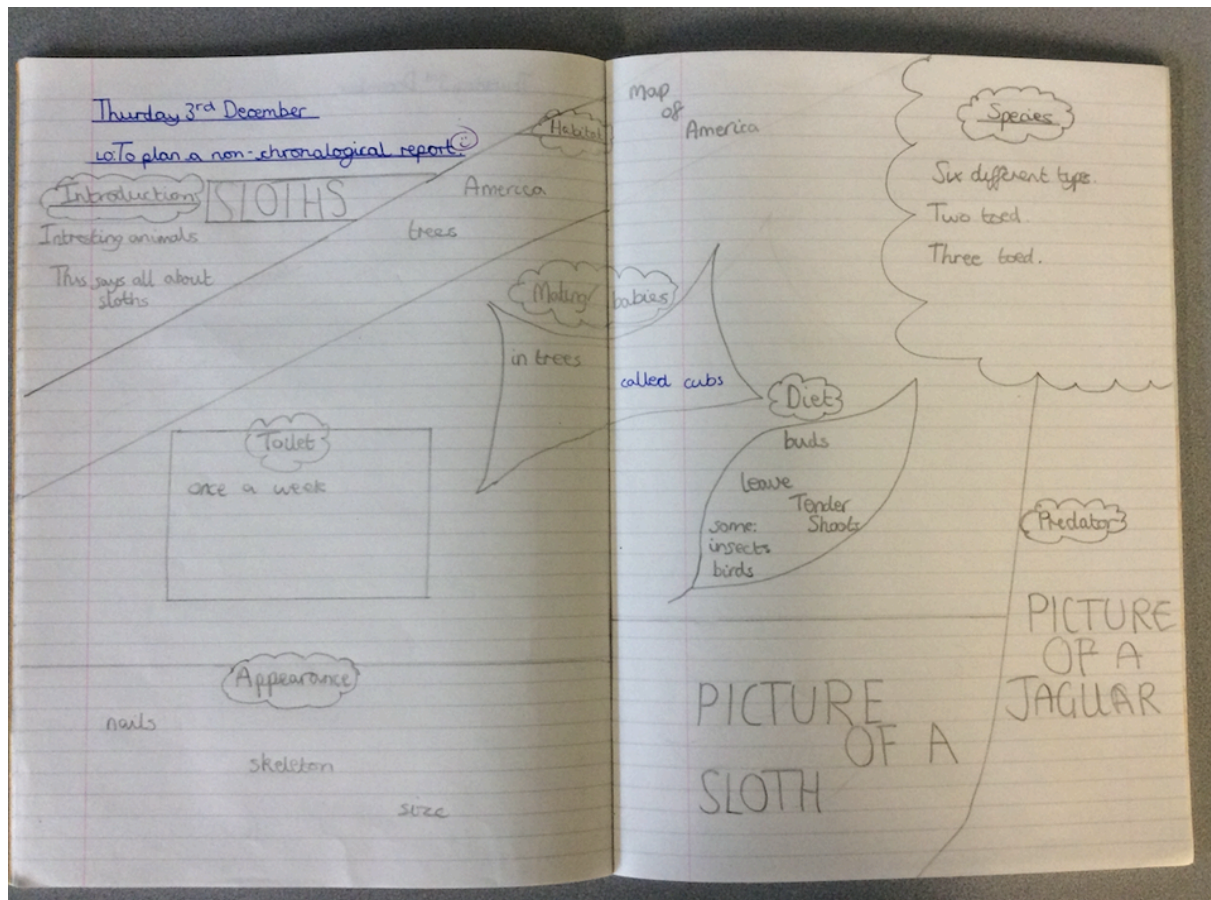


## Planning stage of writing:

For this stage of the writing process, we designed our double page spread before writing so that we knew how we would like the page to be structured and presented. Think about how you will set out your YWP persuasive brochure, what will your title be? Will you include images or drawings? How will you structure your information?



## Writing and editing stage:

For this stage we incorporated everything that we had planned into our own words, using the success criteria as guidance when creating different sentences. We also edited our work to make sure we include the best vocabulary different language techniques. When writing and editing your YWP brochure, have the success criteria next to you so that you can try and include the different techniques that will up level your writing. Don't forget to use this as an opportunity to check if you have cohesion throughout your paragraphs! ☺

Monday 7<sup>th</sup> December

To write a non-chronological report

**Introduction**

The sloth is a very intriguing animal that is also known as a **SLOTHS**. They are very slow moving hanging from small creatures trees. There is lots of found on the grounds of the jungle because their long claws are made for trees.

**Habitat**

The sloth is found in the Central and South of America where they spend all of their time hanging from trees. The sloth is a tree dwelling animal they do almost everything in trees including giving birth to cubs. When the sloth has given birth to a cub, it will climb onto the mum's face and onto the back.

**Mating/babies**

As the sloth is a tree dwelling animal they do almost everything in trees including giving birth to cubs. When the sloth has given birth to a cub, it will climb onto the mum's face and onto the back.

**Species**

The sloth is split into six different species, the two-toed sloth; the three-toed sloth and more. The scientific name known for a sloth is a **bradypus** (slow feet in Greek). The sloth is part of the **placental** therefore they are related to all anteaters and armadillos.

**Cubs**

The sloth is mainly known for eating tree buds, shoots, fruit and leaves. Some two-toed sloths eat insects and birds.

**PREDATORS**

As it is a smaller animal it is much easier to hide from predators, but it does have many predators including jaguars, harpy eagles and snakes.

**Toileting**

Sloths are very different to humans and they only decide to go to the toilet once a week. when it comes to toileting however, sloths...

**Appearance**

All sloths have three toes, but the two-toed sloth has only two. The sloth's body is usually 50-60cm long, but some extinct species used to be about the size of an elephant! As they spend so much of their hanging from trees, their claws are long and curved. Both families of sloth have very thick fur, flat snouts and stumpy tails.



**Very easy to see**

**See me for challenge**

**Needs to be full sentence!**

**due to the fact that is the time where they are most at risk (because if we only went to the toilet once a week)**

**Picture of jaguar**

## Writing our final draft:

For this stage in the process, we spent lots of time making sure our presentation, writing and drawings were to the best of our own abilities. This is the time to make sure your YWP brochure looks bold and appealing to a range of audiences. Make sure your handwriting is presented neatly and that you have included the correct punctuation within your paragraphs.

Tuesday 8<sup>th</sup> December

To edit and present a non-chronological report.

**Introduction**

The sloth is a very intriguing animal that is also known as a Folivora, which live in jungles. These animals are the slowest moving small creatures in the world. In this non-chronological report text, there is lots to learn about these fascinating animals.

**Habitat**

The Folivora (sloth) is found in the Central and South of America where they spend most of their time in the trees on the canopy layer. Sloths are very different to humans when it comes to toileting not normally however, sloths only decide to go to the toilet once a week due to the danger of the fact that is the time they are in most jungle because of their long claws.

**Appearance**

All sloths have three toes, but the two toed sloth only has two. The sloth body is usually 60-80cm long, but some extinct species are known for being about the size of an elephant. As they spend so much of time hanging from trees, their claws are very long and curved. Both families of sloth have very thick fur, flat snouts and stumpy tails.

**Species**

The sloth is split into six different species: the two toed sloth, the three toed sloth and more. The scientific name known for a sloth is a bradypus (slow feet in Greek). The sloth is part of the order Pilosa, therefore they are related to all anteaters and armadillos.

**Mating/babies**

Sloths are a tree-dwelling animal they do almost everything in trees including giving birth to cubs. When the sloth has given birth to a cub, it will climb across the mother's face and onto her back. (could you imagine if human babies did this to their mothers!)

**Diet**

The sloth is mainly known for eating tree buds, shoots, fruit and leaves. Some two toed sloths eat birds and insects.

**Predators**

As it is a smaller animal it is much easier to hide from predators. The sloth does however have many predators: jaguars, harpy eagles and snakes.

